

Calc II joint effort on test 3

Names _____

SHOW ALL WORK.

Evaluate the integral. Give exact answers only. If the integral diverges state that it diverges.

1) $\int \frac{3x^2 + x + 7}{(x^2 + 3)(x - 2)} dx$

1) _____

2) $\int \frac{4e^{2t} - 7e^t}{e^{3t} - 3e^{2t} + e^t - 3} dt$

2) _____

$$3) \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x^3 e^{-x^4} dx$$

3) _____

$$4) \int_8^{32} \frac{dt}{t\sqrt{t^2 - 64}}$$

4) _____

$$5) \int_0^9 \frac{x}{\sqrt{81 - x^2}} dx$$

5) _____

Evaluate the limit.

$$6) \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} x \sin \frac{2}{x}$$

6) _____

$$7) \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} (\sqrt{x^2 + 3x} - x)$$

7) _____

$$8) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} x^{-5/\ln x}$$

8) _____

A recursion formula and the initial term(s) of a sequence are given. Write out the first five terms of the sequence.

9) $a_1 = 1, a_2 = 4, a_{n+2} = a_{n+1} - a_n$

9) _____

Find a formula for the nth term of the sequence.

10) $-6, -4, -2, 0, 2$ (every other integer starting with -6) Write the nth term so n starts at 1.

10) _____

Find the limit of the sequence if it converges; otherwise indicate divergence.

11) $a_n = \frac{9n - 2}{6 + 5\sqrt{n}}$

11) _____

12) $a_n = 1 + (0.9)^n$

12) _____

Determine if the series converges or diverges. If the series converges, find its sum. If the series diverges, state diverges.

13) $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (-1)^n \frac{9}{8^n}$

13) _____

$$14) \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^{n-1} \frac{7}{4^n}$$

14) _____

$$15) \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{5}{(4n-1)(4n+3)}$$

15) _____

$$16) \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{4}{n(n+3)}$$

16) _____

$$17) \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left[\frac{7n+3}{6n+2} \right]$$

17) _____